The path forward: Improving health equity through data collection, stratification and use

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Agenda

ΤΟΡΙΟ	PRESENTER
Welcome and Introduction	Nicole Ford, MBA, CPHQ, project manager, EQIC
EQIC Health Equity Report Overview	Alyssa Dahl, MPH, CPH Senior Director, Advanced Analytics DataGen, HANYS
Atrium Health "Equity in Action" Success Story Spotlight	Dr. Kinneil Coltman, Senior Vice President, Chief Community & Social Impact Officer, Atrium Health
Q&A	Nicole Ford



Health Equity

EQIC's Health Equity initiative supports hospitals and health systems efforts toward achieving high-quality, equitable care for all.

We assist hospitals to identify and address potential healthcare disparities by:

- improving the collection of standardized race, ethnicity and language (REaL) data;
- using data to better inform patient-centered care and targeted interventions to reduce healthcare disparities; and
- implementing cross-cutting, equity-focused tactics and strategies at the unit level to promote safety across the board and reduce harm.



Equity data basics: What is REaL data?

- Race, Ethnicity and Language (REaL) data allows hospital and health systems the ability to:
- capture information on a patient's race, ethnicity and language preferences;
- ✓ understand clinically relevant and unique aspects of their patients and communities; and
- ✓ apply culturally competent care that does not vary with a patient's race, ethnicity or language.



Why collect REaL data?

Every patient deserves quality care that meets their unique needs.

- ✓ <u>Quality Implications</u>: Hospitals that understand their patient populations and work to make quality improvements across individual patient groups will improve their overall performance.
- ✓ <u>Financial Implications</u>: Disparities may increase the cost of care provided to patients.
- \checkmark <u>Elimination of disparities</u>: It is the just and equitable thing to do.



Data report interpretation

- Provides potential areas for improvement in data quality and information on the communities your hospital draws from.
- A lower percentage in the "other race" and "unknown" categories generally indicates more accurate reporting.
- Data can be used to view how your hospital reports across each category of race and ethnicity, and how the categories of "other race" and "unknown" compare to other, more specific categories.



Data report interpretation

 Ideally, your hospital will have a higher percentage of patients with more specific categories, such as "White," "Black or African American," "Puerto Rican," etc., than in the non-specific "other race" and "unknown" categories.



Dimensions of valid REaL data

- <u>Accuracy</u>: Self-identified, correctly recorded, consistent categorization?
- <u>Completeness</u>: REaL data captured across all services? Percentage unknown, other, or declined tracked and evaluated?
- <u>Uniqueness</u>: Are individual patients represented only once?
- <u>Timeliness</u>: Are data updated regularly?
- <u>Consistency</u>: Are data internally consistent? Reflect the patient population served?

Five-step Framework for Stratifying REAL Data

- I. Assemble a working group that is focused on health care disparities data
- 2. Validate the REAL data
- 3. Identify the highest priority metrics for stratification
- 4. Determine if stratification is possible on the selected metrics
- 5. Stratify the data



Health Research & Educational Trust. (2014, October). A framework for stratifying race, ethnicity and language data. Chicago, IL: Health Research & Educational Trust. Accessed at www. hpoe.org

Validating your REaL data

Consider why your claims-based data may differ from the census-estimated data. While this difference may be partially explained by the fact that your hospital serves a specific segment of its community, it also may be an issue related to:

- 1. Data operations how is the data sent and processed?
- 2. Data collection when and how is race, ethnicity and language collected?
- 3. Data quality/validity
 - ✓ Is there training to ensure collection is consistent?
 - ✓ Is there training help staff explain to patients why this data is collected and how it is used to improve patient care?



Questions to run on

- 1. Does our organization have a unified framework for consistently collecting REaL data?
- 2. Has our organization assembled a working group to focus on REaL data and healthcare disparities?
- 3. What steps has our organization taken to standardize the data collection process?



Health Equity Resource Series

Data-Driven Care Delivery

Data Collection, Stratification and Use







Questions?



30-Day "Equity in Action" Challenge!

- Champion a Disparities Impact Statement.
- Complete Action Plan to develop and implement your disparities action statement.
- Contact your EQIC Project Manager for support with action plan development.



This tool can be used by all health care stakeholders to achieve health equity for racial and ethnic minorities, people with disabilities, sexual and gender minorities, individuals with limited English proficiency, and rural populations.

This worksheet has 5 steps:

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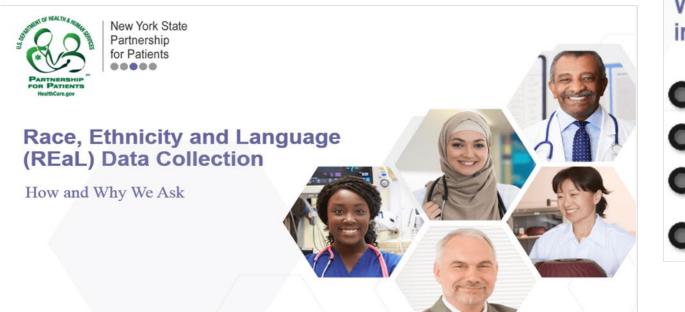
Identify health disparities and priority populations

ne your goals	Health Equity Champion:		Executive Sponsor:		Date:
lish your organization's health equi	Improvement Goal What health disparity are you addressing and who is (are)	Health Disparity:			
	your priority population(s)?	Priority Populations(s):			
rmine what your organization needs plement its strategy	Goals	Action Steps	Resources & Key Stakeholders	Metrics	Measurable Outcomes/Impact
tor and evaluate your progress	List out your short-term and long-term goals from Step 2. Add rows as needed.	List the action steps needed to achieve your goals.	List the resources needed to accomplish action steps, including key staff or stakeholders from the Stakeholder Engagement Plan.	What will you monitor? What data will you use to track progress and how often?	Consider the longer term outcomes: how will you evaluate the impact and sustainability of your actions
	Short-Term Goal				
	Long-Term Goal				



Provide staff training and support in obtaining accurate REaL data

Interactive learning program/video platform, developed to help frontline staff improve the collection and accuracy of patient-reported race, ethnicity and language (REaL) data.



Why collect race, ethnicity and language information about our patients?

- Because we are required to by law
- Because it is the right thing to do
- To identify health disparities and improve the quality of care for patients
- Repeat the question

A cate	gory of humankin ares certain
	traits certain traits traits
• skii	1 color
• faci	al features
• hair	texture



Being a member of a specified ethnic group. • culture • customs • nation • language • reliation

Pick the BEST

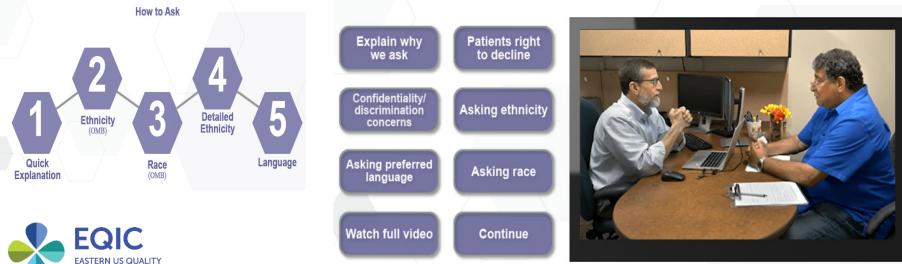
answer



<u>Health Care Disparities eLearning Module Promotion (You Tube)</u>

Patient registration videos & quick guides and tools

- Walks through HOW to Ask race and ethnicity questions in 5 simple steps
- 3 "real-life" patient registration scenarios demonstrate how these 5-steps *look in action*
- Sample scripts for collecting data



A	
-U	Seubon IV: Toola/Recourses Section
	Answers to Questions Patients Might Ask
Target Audien	ce: Hospital admissions/registration staff
Purpose:	This document provides answers to questions that are frequently asked by patients during the admission/registration process.
Q: What do m	y race and ethnicity have to do with my health?
	e share similarities, our racial and ethnic backgrounds may place us at differing risks ses. We can work to reduce these risks by making sure that everyone gets appropriat y health care.
Q: Why am I b	eing asked these questions?
them better, 8	ecting race and ethnicity information from all of our patients to help us get to know y knowing more about your racial and ethnic background, we can get a better idea of u may have and better meet your health needs.
Q: What will n	ny information be used for?
A: Information programs to ev	you give us on your race and ethnicity will help us provide better services and eryone.
Q: Who will se	e my information?
Portability and	ution is kept private and confidential and is protected by law (Health Insurance Accountability Act HIPAA 1996). The only people who will see your information are ur health care team and others who are authorized to see your medical record.
Q: Who are yo	ou collecting this information from?
A: We are coll	ecting this information from all our patients.
Q: What if I do	on't want to answer these questions?
information do	y airight if you do not want to answer some or all of the questions. However, this is help our hospital provide better care. Regardless of whether you answer these will provide you care.

EQIC website tools and resources

- REaL Data Collection, Stratification and Utilization ✓ <u>Training, Toolkits & Webinars</u>
- Data Tools
 - ✓ American Community Survey (ACS) Resource Hub
 - ✓ <u>CMS Data Tools</u> and <u>Data Sources Handout</u>
- Action Planning
 - ✓ Building an Organizational Response to Health <u>Disparities IMPACT</u> <u>Statement</u> and <u>Resource Guide</u>
 - ✓ AHA Health Equity Snapshot: A Toolkit for Action
- EQIC Health Equity Gap Analysis (coming soon!)



Thank you.

Next UBS Wednesday: Health Equity January 12, 2022 1 - 2 p.m.

